

Developing Constructivist Instructional Program and Measuring Effect on Developing Scientific Thinking Skills, Mathematics Achievement and Attitudes among Primary Grade Students

The World Islamic Science & Education University

Faculty of Arts, Humanistic & Educational Sciences

Educational Sciences Dept



Developing Constructivist Instructional Program and Measuring Effect on Developing Scientific Thinking Skills, Mathematics Achievement and Attitudes among Primary Grade Students

By

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Supervisor

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Co-Supervisor

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First Semester

2012/2013

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42	1
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181	1
186	2
237	3
252	4
267	5
271	6
278	7
281	8
286	9
288	10

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((57) (50)) (107)) .((

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الفصل الأول

خلفية الدِّراسة ومشكلتما وأهميتما

المقدمة :

(Kdefess)

.(2009)Gordon, "International Association for Evaluation of Educational Achievement" (IEA) " Trends in · International Mathematics and Science Study" (TIMSS)

.(2009)

" NationalCouncil of Teachers of Mathematics –

" Professional Standards for NCTM, 2000"

Teaching Mathematics"

(2007)

(NCTM , 2000)

" (13 ص 2008)

(2004 ص 17)

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.(2010

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(Cunningham, 1991)

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.(1992)

Baviskar

, 2009) Whitney; Hartle;

http://www.eric.ed.gov/ERICWebPortal/Home.portal;jsessionid=KT0pNTHp57ZrSzzpm96NXLc1413CNvfpn9K7nq79QBMGpMPfLYnG!2028655292? nfpb=true& pageLabel=ERICSearchResult& urlType=action&newSearch=true&ERICExtSearch SearchType 0=au&ERICExtSearch SearchValue 0=%22Whitney+Tiffany%22

(2009) (Evensen)

.(Artino, 2008)

Knowles,) .(1998 Learning Cycle Model Constructive Learning Model Conceptual The Generative Model Change Model (2007) (2004) (1999) V .(2001) 2000

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NCTM

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.(Battista, 1999) "

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(حيدر ويونس 1996).

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(Glasersfeld,1995: 369)

.(18:2003)

.(Paker & Jessie, 2000)

(Jonassen, peck, & Wilson, 1999)

1994 عام 1994 Cannela عام 1994

Sigle (18:2002)

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Lorsbak & Tobin (23:2002)

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1999 Bloom & Burrell (362 :2004)

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" (Saunders,1992,136-140)

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" (Wheatly,1991,9-21)

п •

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Glassersfeld

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The Active Leaner: -1

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The Social Leaner:

The Creative Learner: -3

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(Null, 2004: 181-188)

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Constructive Learning Model

ـب- Learning Cycle Model

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Trowbridge and Bybee Constructivist learning Model

Conceptual Change Model -

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Constructive Learning Model -

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1974 1962 (Atkin & Karplus)

'Buchwald, crissman, Heil, Kuerbis, Matsumoto & Bybee:

Horsley

(2006) . 1990 & et al

.(2003)

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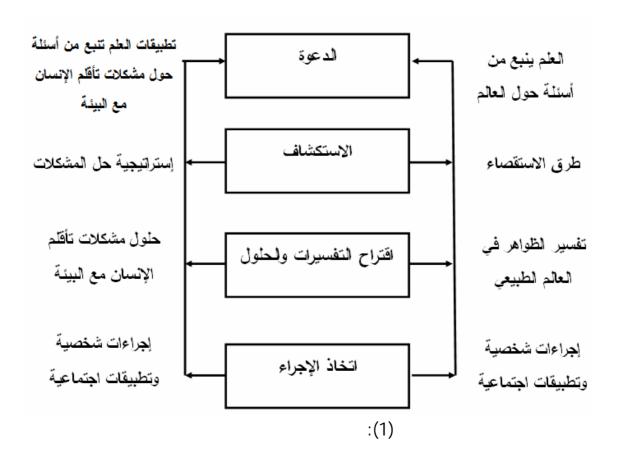
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(2003) .Cluster –seating Arrangement

Learning Cycle Model –

Robert 1962

Mayron Alkin Karplus

(Adams, 1974

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(Adams, 1999) (2000) (2001)

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Exploration - 1

Concept Introduction - 2

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(Trowbridge and Bybee Constructivist learning Model)

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(2006) (five E's) .E ":(2006) (258)." (2003) (153)." (2006) (2003) .()

Engagement

Exploration :Explaination -

Elaboration()

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Extension -

Exchanging / -

Evaluation -

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Conceptual Change Model

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(Woolley, Woolley, Hosey, 1999)

:(NCTM, 2000)

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.(Beyer, 2001, p 16) "

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1988)

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(Brewer, 1997; Gales, 2000; Heron, 1997)

.(Saunders, 1992)

.(Beyer, 1987)

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(Lutfiyya,1998;		

.Carpenter,1985)

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.(Schurter, 2002)
            (Lutfiyya, 1998) (2010
 (Schielack, Chancellor, And Childs, 2000)
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        .(
                                             (Tall, 1991)
                                                (Powell, 1997)
              (Thompson, 1985)
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(Dehance and Spelke, 1999)

(Greenwood, 1993)

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.(Shrigley, 1983)

(Spencer)

(Attitude) (418:1996)

" (120 :1988)

п п п · " (1996: 42)

п •

" (Krista, 2004: 319)

": – – .(27 :1995) "

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(Dean, 1982)

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(Shrigley, 1983 1983 1988 1996

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(Aiken, 1970)

(1999 1989 1989 1986):

(Tocci, 1981; Thorndike,1991; Muhammad, 1995; Kishor and Xin, 1997; Echols, 1981; Dlamini, 1998)

(Goins, 1995)

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(Francis & Radney, 1991)

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(Kamii and Lewis, 1991)

(200)

Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT)

() SAT

(Hortn, Mcconney, Gallo, Woods, Senn,

(Meta Analysis)

Hamelin, 1993)

(%68-%50)

(Mingus, 1996)

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(Weinholtz, 1996)

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Connecticut

(Chilcoat, 1998)

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(Kerr, 1999)

(Owens, Perry, Conroy, Howe, 1999)

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(Soeharto, 1999)

. (Cerezo, 2000)

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(Gales, 2000) دراسة

(TIMSS) () (527)

(Insook, 2000)

(John, 2000)

(Roy, 2000)

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(Volney, 2002)

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(Gaensler, 2004)

30 (pre Calculus)

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 $(\alpha = 0.05)$

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(Moore, 2005) التي

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(Aumporn, 2000)

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(ANCONA) (
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[(2000)؛ العمري(2007)؛ سليمان(2010)؛ الزعبي(2011)؛

Horton etal(1993); Kamii and Lewis(1991); Gales (2000); Soeharto (1999); Glenda and Anthony (1999); Roy (2000) Kerr,(1999)].

[Insook (2000); Aumporn (2000)]

Martin (2002);]

.[Volney,(2002)

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[Glenda and Anthony(1999); Weinholtz (1996); Francis & Radney, (1991)]

(Gaensler, 2004)

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[Tall and Yudarian (1997); Owens (1999); kerr(1999); Soeharto (1999); Cerezo(2000) ]
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.[Chilcoat (1998); Mingus (1996)]

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[Aumporn (2000); Owens (1999)]
.(Moore, 2005)

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[Francis & Radney (1991)]

Owens التعاونية [Cerezo(2000);] Tall and Yudarian(1997) .(2000) (1999)

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[Aumporn (2000); Kerr (1999); Soeharto (1999); Kamii and Lewis (2011)] [(2007) العمري (2003)] ، (1991)] .[Weinholtz (1996)

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(2005) Aumporn(2000)]

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2003 'Volney, 2002] -1
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على طلبة Volney (2002) على طلبة -

الصف الخامس، ودراسة سليمان (2010) على ودراسة كل من

التودري (2003) و (2007) على (2005) (2004) Volney (2002) (2004) (2003) (2005) Moore (2005) (2010) (2007) -2 -3 .()

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Aumporn (2000)] -1

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4.99	21.25	
4.70	22.86	
4.87	22.07	
4.58	24.88	
4.28	24.52	
4.39	24.70	
5.10	22.96	
4.54	23.63	
4.81	23.30	

(44)

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*0.004	8.585	186.170	1	186.170	
0.489	0.481	10.437	1	10.437	
0.277	1.194	25.893	1	25.893	*
		21.685	103	2233.578	
			106	2456.078	

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134.93		
129.62		
132.23		
151.84		
157.12		
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142.35		
142.63		
	129.62 132.23 151.84 157.12 154.48 142.91 142.35	129.62 132.23 151.84 157.12 154.48 142.91 142.35

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*0.001	12.369	13131.508	1	13131.508	
0.998	0.612	0.005	1	0.005	
0.404	0.703	746.374	1	746.374	*
		1061.657	103	109350.685	
		123228.572	106	123228.572	

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0.59	3.50	
0.50	3.76	
0.56	3.64	
0.78	3.65	
0.69	3.75	
0.73	3.71	
0.69	3.58	
0.60	3.76	
0.65	3.67	

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0.582	0.304	0.127	1	0.127	
0.156	2.044	0.856	1	0.856	
0.507	0.443	0.185	1	0.185	*
		0.419	103	43.124	
			106	44.292	

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%100	%33	%20	%33	%14	
5	1	1	2	1	%24
7	2	1	3	1	%32

5	1	1	2	1	%24
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21	7	4	7	3	%100

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0.84	1
0.74	2
0.69	3
0.78	4
0.85	5

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R1: O₁ O₂ O₃ X O₄ O₂ O₃

R2: O₁ O₂ O₃ -- O₄ O₂ O₃

 O_1 R2 R1: O_4 O_3 O_2

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(ANCOVA)

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4.66	18.61	25	
4.51	27.79	25	
6.49	23.28	50	
4.89	22.96	28	
3.67	28.80	29	
5.20	25.88	57	
5.21	20.66	53	
4.14	28.26	54	
6.04	24.50	107	

.(44)

(11)

.(12)

(12)

0.000	160.204	1255.216	1	1255.216	
0.219	1.528	11.971	1	11.971	
*0.000	167.852	1315.141	1	1315.141	
0.090	2.930	22.956	1	22.956	*
		7.835	102	799.181	
			106	3404.465	

(12)

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) (α= 0.05)

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.(13)

(13)

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8.14	20.96	25	
7.23	31.41	25	
9.26	26.28	50	
8.50	31.64	28	
7.52	36.08	29	
8.25	33.86	57	
9.83	26.00	53	
7.66	33.57	54	
9.55	29.82	107	

.(50)

(13)

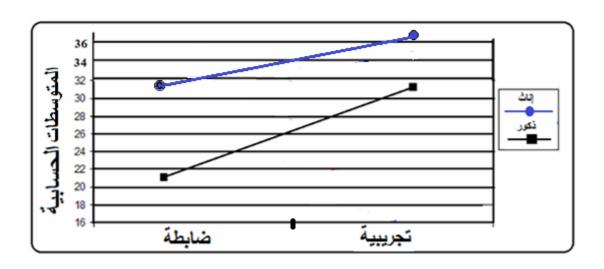
.(14)

(14)

0.000	37.926	1718.861	1	1718.861	
*0.001	12.529	567.841	1	567.841	
*0.000	32.584	1476.737	1	1476.737	
*0.006	7.854	355.973	1	355.973	*
		45.321	102	4622.738	
			106	8742.15	

(14)

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(∞= 0.05)

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.(15)

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*

0.54	3.38	25	
0.48	3.78	25	
0.54	3.59	50	
0.45	3.88	28	
0.54	3.88	29	
0.50	3.88	57	
0.55	3.63	53	
0.51	3.83	54	
0.54	3.74	107	

.(5)

(15)

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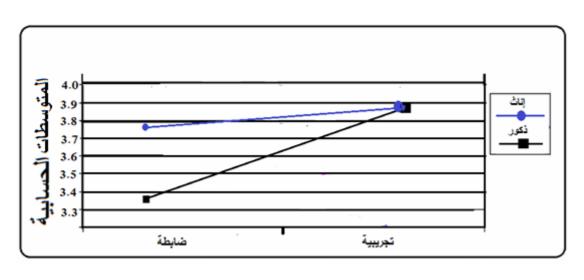
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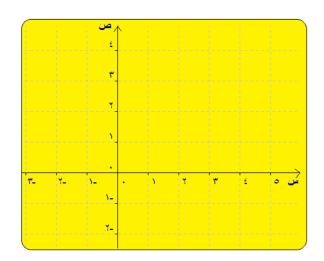
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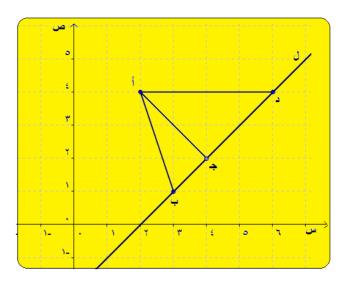
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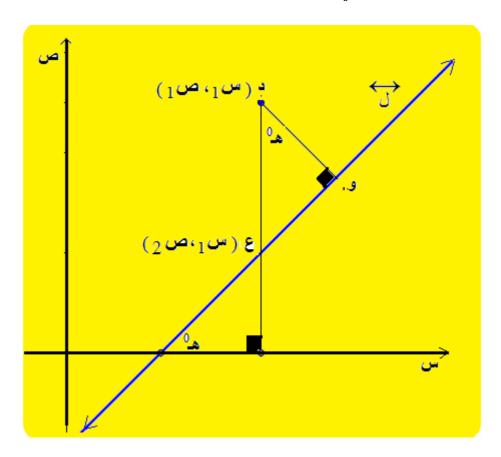
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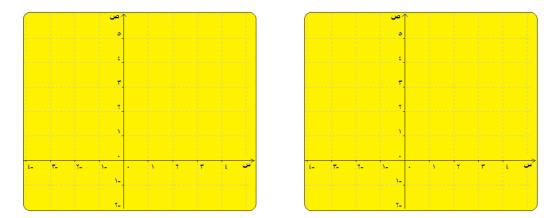
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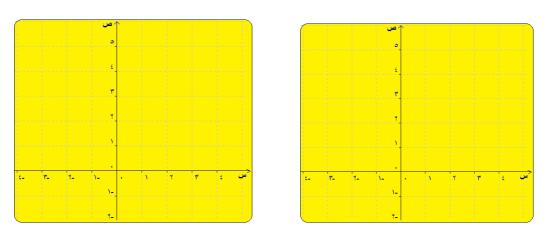
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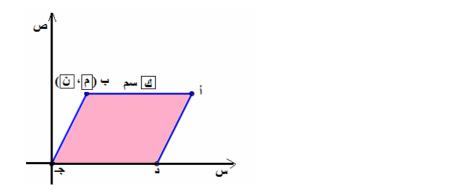
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:Invite Stage -1

creation stage exploration, والابتكار

:discover

(6 - 4)

Propose Explanations and Solutions : -3
Stage

Take Action Stage: /

-4

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:1

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(4 3) (5 1)

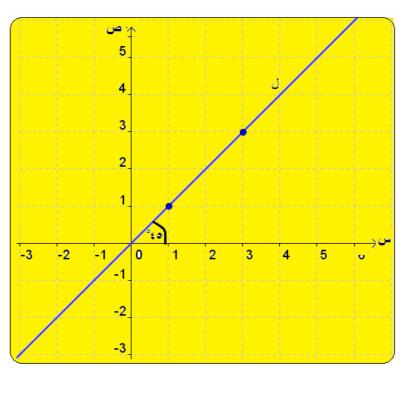
(6- 1) (3 2-)

:2

$$8 - 6 = 2 - 3 - = 4 = - 3 0 = 7 + + 2$$

:3

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= $^{\circ}45$

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:Edu wave

T174-0202-MFI-01, T640-0503-MFA-01, T640-0605-MFA-02

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(2) (1 2-) ₁ $\leftrightarrow \gamma J / \uparrow J J$ _{2 1 -}

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.(179) 6 5

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:1

جد المسافة بين النقطتين:

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:3

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$$2 = 4 - 3$$

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:Edu wave

T670-0601-WDT-02 · T670-0601-MFA-01

.(185)

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1= 4 - 3: (3 2-)

.(185) 8 6 :

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:1

جد المسافة بين النقطتين:

.(1 4) (3 2-) -1

.(1 1-) (5 2) -2

.(2 6) (4 4-) -3

:2

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.(4 2) (6 4-) -1

.(1 3) (0 2) -2

.(2 0) (4- 8-) -3

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.(188)

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(0 2) (0 6) -

(2):

.(2 3)

.(188) 2 :

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:1 4 = 2 = -1 -2 4 = 5 :2 10 10 6 -1 8 10 6 -2 13 12 5 -3 .(193)

255

(6 6-) (4 4-)

(3 5-):

.(193) 5 3 :

:1

·		•	. І
.(5 3-) (6 1)	(4 0)	(3 4 -)
:			.2
.(4 0) (5 2)	(3 3)	(2 1)	
:			.3
.(0 1-) (2 3)	(0 4)	(2 - 0)	
:			.4
.(3 0) (4 2)	(3 3)	(1 1-)	
:			.5
.(0 3) (1 5)	(1- 4)	(2 - 2)	
		:	
			-
			_
:Edu wave			
T624-0303-WDT-0	2 · T624-03	03-WDT-0	1
	:	:	
(197)			_

. (4 2) (3 5-)

.(197) 4 3 :

(4)

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. (44)

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: .1 11= 2 + (9 ×1) :

 $111=3+(9\times12)$:

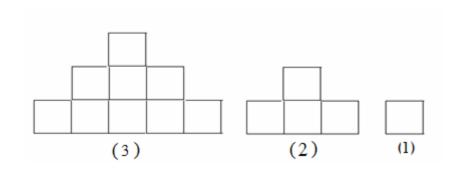
1111= 4 + (9 ×123) :

.....:

.....:

.2

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......

$$(4 + 6 - 9)(2 + 3) = 8 + 27$$

$$(1 + 4 - 16)(1 + 4) = 1 + 64$$

$$(9 + 12 - 16)(3 + 4) = 27 + 64$$

$$(.....) = 64 + 125 :$$

.4

$$(1 +) (1 -) = 1 - 2$$

$$(1 + + 2)(1 -) = 1 - 3$$

$$.(1 + + 2 + 3)(1 -) = 1 - 4$$

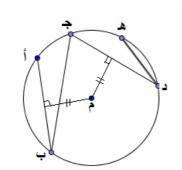
$$(1 + + 2 + 3 + 4)(1 -) = 1 - 5$$

() () = 1 - 8

......:

.....:

.6



() () ()

(4-2) = (=)

: (14)

() ()

: 3 (30)

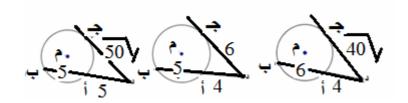
3 120() 3 60() 3 90() 3 150(

: .9

$$7 + 3$$
 $5 + 5 = 10$ $5 + 3 = 8$ $3 + 3 = 6$ $2 + 2 = 4$

.10

:



$$(2+3)(2-3)=4-9$$
 $(1+2)(1-2)=1-4$

$$(3 + 4) (3 - 4) = 9 - 16$$
 $(2 + 4) (2 - 4) = 4 - 16$

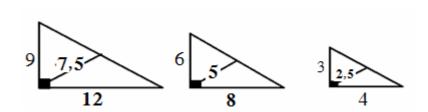
$$(4 +5) (4 -5) = 16 -2$$
 $(1 +5) (1 -5) = 1 -25$

= :

$$(\dots)$$
 (\dots) $(2$

.12

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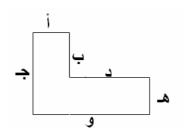


..... = :

(15) .13

:

: .14

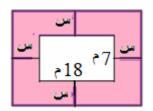


 \times - \times (3) \times + \times (2) \times + \times (1)

 \times + \times + \times (5) \times + \times (4)

.15

2 250



$$250 = (18 +) (7 +) .^{1}$$

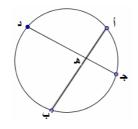
$$250 = (18 + 2) (7 + 2)$$
 ...

$$376 = (18 + 2) (7 + 2)$$
.

$$376 = (2-25)(2+25)$$
.

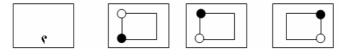
.16

.

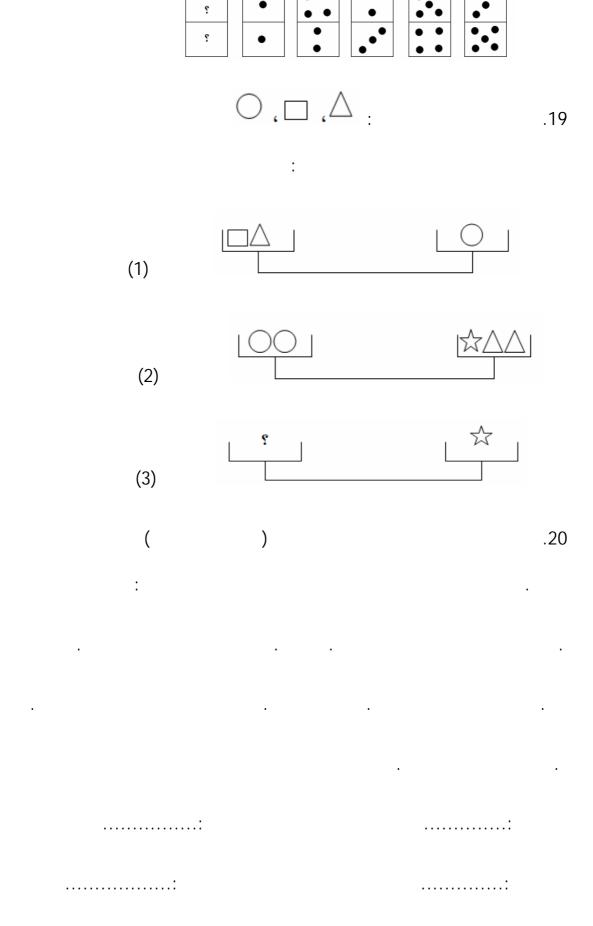


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: .17



: .18



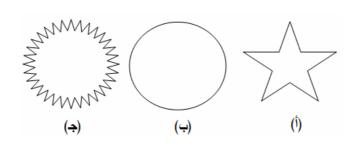
200		.21
	50	100
	:	

: .22

$$\cdots + \frac{1}{\Lambda} + \frac{1}{\xi} + \frac{1}{\Upsilon} + 1$$

4 () (4 3) () 3() 2(

: .23



.....:

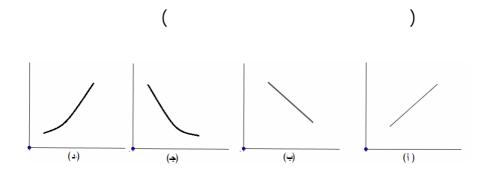
.....:

.24

3

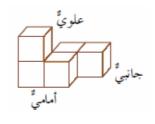
***, (**) **(**)

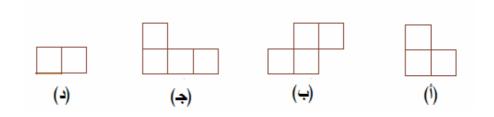
.25



(25) (28) (50) .27 (8)

: .28





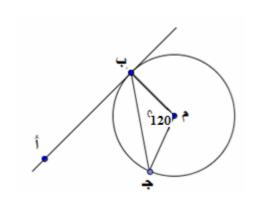
.29

 $(2 - -^2 2 - ^3)$ $(1 - ^2)(2 +)$.30

.31

.32

. ⁰120



: .33

: ()

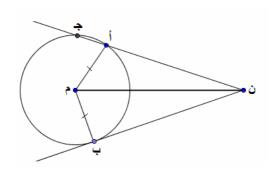
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2 1 () .34

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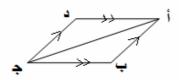
: .36

$$2 + \omega = \frac{\left(\frac{4}{2}\right)(1)(2 + \omega)}{4 + \omega} = \frac{\left(4 + \omega\right)(2 + \omega)}{4 + \omega} = \frac{8 + \omega(2 + \omega)}{4 + \omega}$$

.....

: .37

.



: = (1

..... = (2

..... = (3

.....

5 4 3 ": .38

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.5 :4 :3 (

.5 :4 :3

. 5 :4 :3

.5 :4 :3

°180 = .39

5 1 4 3 2

$$(2) = (1) = -40$$

$$(4) = (3)$$

		ć. "
	السبب	الجملة
	حقيقة أعطيت في السؤل	أب - ب ج
	حقيقة أعطيت في السؤل	الزاوية 1 = الزلوية 2
3	ضلع مشترك	بد - ب د
÷ 4 2	تساوي ضلعين متناظرين وتساوي	
	قياس الزاويــة المحصــورة بــين	
	هذين الضلعين	
		أن قياس الزاوية (3) =
		قياس الزاوية (4)

.41

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n ,

: 14 13 13,3 ≈ 20 × ²/₃ (

(

 $\frac{1}{2} \qquad \frac{2}{3} \quad ($

.

.42

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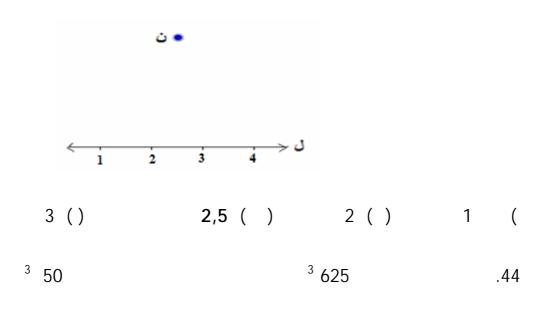
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(. (

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.43

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(5)

1	1111 = 5 + (9×1234) :	1

111111 = 6 + (9×12345) :	
² _{10 =100}	2
(16 + 20 - 25) (4 + 5) = 64 + 125 :	3
(1+	4
. : 90	5
	6
	7
	8
	9
× = ² () =	10
= :	11
.(+)(-) = 2 - 2	
= :	12
.(– 15) :	13

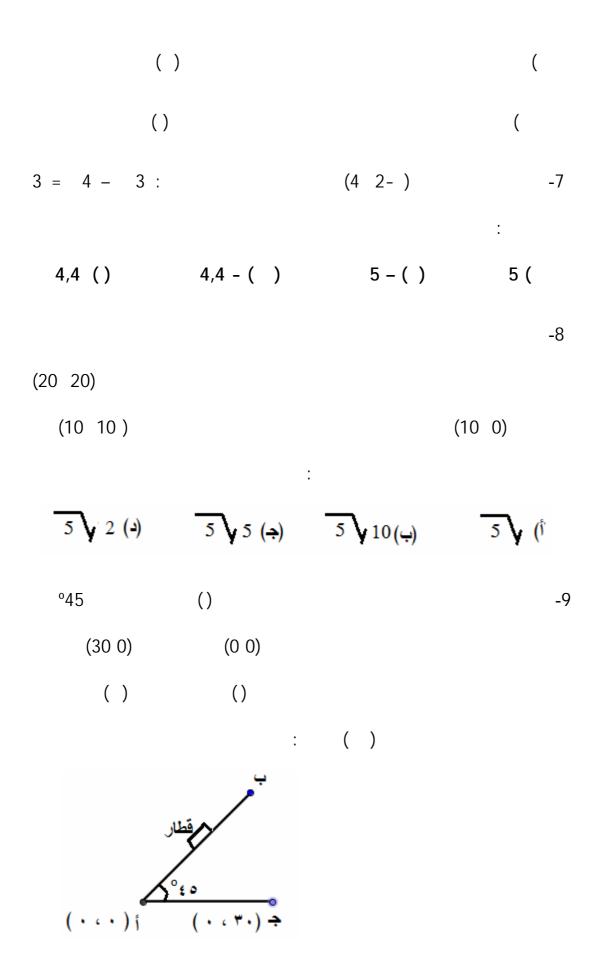
	14
	15
x = x ;	16
	17
	18
2 =	19
	20
. 400 =	21
	22
() :	23
	24
	25

Es 6	26
5 (17 (8 20 عرة عدم كرة سلة عدم القائد القا	27
	28
	29
(1 - ²)	30
.(1 +)(1 -)(2 +):	
64 1	31
	32
	33
	34
	35

(4 +) :	36
·	
: : :	37
	38
: 180 180 5 4	39
.(3 2 1)	
:	40
· ·	
	41
	42
	43
13	44

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```
1 2 1 -1
            :2 (2 4-)
 0.5 () 2 ( ) 0.5-( ) 2-(
 : 2 1
                  2 1 -2
1=_2 \times_1 () _2 /1-=_1 ( ) _2 -=_1 ( ) _2 =_1 (
( 2) (4 3-):
                  <sub>2 1</sub> -3
                1 – 2
  5 () 1 () 5 - () 1 - (
  2 - 3 = 4 : _{1}
                      <sub>2</sub> <sub>1</sub> -4
  : (3 2-) (1 ):
  6-() 2() 6() 2-(
                            -5
(1-2):
                        (3 6)
 4 () 1 - ( ) 4 - ( ) 1 (
           )
                           -6
```



```
\sqrt{2}\sqrt{30} کم \sqrt{2}\sqrt{15} کم \sqrt{2}\sqrt{2} کم \sqrt{2}\sqrt{2} کم \sqrt{2}\sqrt{2} کم \sqrt{2}\sqrt{2} کم
               (2 5-)
6+ = 3:
                                -10
\{4\ 3\}() \{4\ 4-\}() \{4-\}()
                      2 1 -11
; 1
 5 () 2 ( ) 4 ( ) 3 (
                              -12
                    .(4 2) (1 2-):
2,5 () 5 () 2\sqrt{2} () 2\sqrt{2} ()
  (4 ) (0 2) (0 6) -13
                   (4 3)
 3 () 1,5 () 5 () 4 (
                                 -14
```

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أ) مساحة قاعدة المئذنة.

ب) ارتفاع المئذنة.

ج) محيط قاعدة المئذنة ونصف محيطها يساوي طول السلك.

د) ارتفاع الجزء الهرمي.

-15

= (2 5) (2- 2)

25 () 2,5 () 5 () 10 (

15 -16

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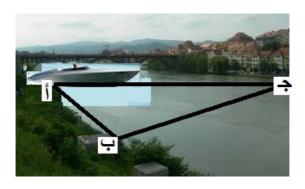
7.5 () 30 () 5 () 15 (

-17

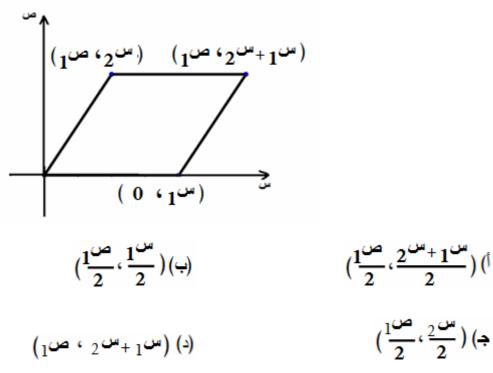
120

160

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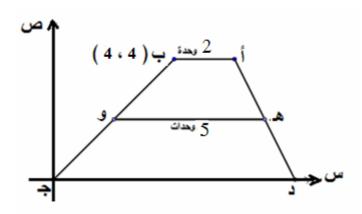


80 () 60 () 100 () 200 (



-20

(4 4)



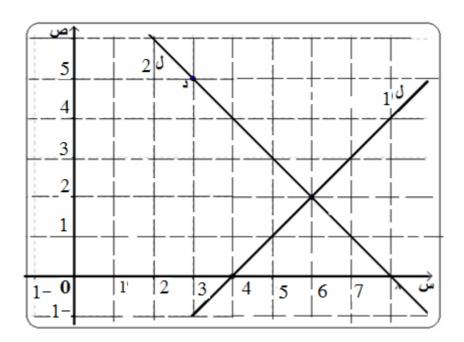
(2 2) (7 2) ()

(3 2) (6 2) (1

(2 3) (2 8) ()

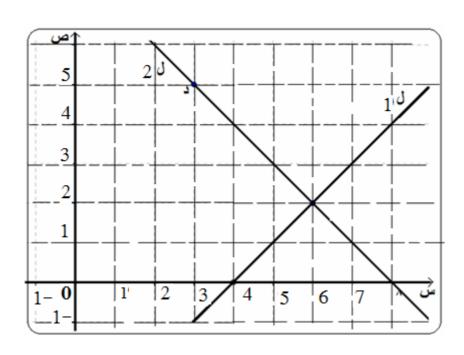
(2 1) (2 5) (

1 ()



1
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3
4
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7
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11
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13
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16
17
18
19
20

1 ()



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1 :

1 = 1

(4 -)1 = 0 - : ···

(5 3)

. 5 =2

:

$$2\sqrt{3} = 18\sqrt{=^2(5-2)+^2(3-6)}$$

(5 3):

$$2\sqrt{3} = 18\sqrt{3 + (3)} = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

(8)

(36) () () (X)) () () ((X) .() .() .() .()

.()

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			2
			3
			4

			5
			6
			7
			8
			9

			1

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			7
			8
			9

	_	_	_
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			5
			6
			7
			8
			9

			1
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			7

			8
			9
		(9)	

/ . 1

/ . 2

/ . 3

/ . 4

/ . 5

	T	1
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/		10
/		11
1		12
/		13
/	/	14
/	/	15
	,	1/
/	/	16
/	/	17
/	/	17

/	/	18
/		

(10)

معامل	معامل	الفقرة
التمييز	الصعوبة	
0.22	0.82	1
0.52	0.72	2
0.71	0.72	3
0.84	0.74	4
0.74	0.70	5
0.74	0.76	6
0.66	0.60	7
0.55	0.56	8
0.56	0.68	9
0.68	0.72	10
0.77	0.48	11
0.49	0.80	12
0.58	0.56	13

0.59	0.78	14	
0.79	0.70	15	
0.49	0.70	16	
0.69	0.30	17	
0.39	0.54	18	
0.69	0.60	19	
0.79	0.44	20	

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Developing Constructivist Instructional Program and Measuring Effect on Developing Scientific Thinking Skills, Mathematics Achievement and Attitudes among Primary Grade Students

By

Issam Abdulqader Fares Obeidat

Supervisor

Dr. Adeeb Thiab Hamadneh

Co-Supervisor

Dr. Ali Mohammad Alzoubi

Abstract

This study aims at developing a constructivist instructional program, measuring effect on developing scientific thinking skills in mathematics, achievement and attitudes to mathematics. To achieve the study goal, two major questions were answered:

What is the effect of a constructivist instructional program on developing mathematical scientific thinking skills, achievement and attitudes to mathematics among primary grade students?

Participants (N=107) were recruited from the tenth grade student population (M=50, F= and 57) assigned to four classrooms. Two classrooms were selected with the random simple method to serve as experimental group; one classroom for males and the other for female students and taught using the constructivist instructional program. The other two classrooms represented the control group and taught traditionally.

Instruments included the Mathematical Thinking Test, Achievement Test, Attitudes to mathematics Scale. To answer the study questions, means, and standard deviations were calculated for scores obtained by the experimental and control students on the Mathematical Thinking Test, Achievement Test, and Attitudes to Mathematics Scale. Co-variance analysis was also used.

Results showed that the experimental group students scored high on the mathematical thinking test, achievement test, and attitudes to mathematics scale. In aaddition, there were no statistically significant differences among student scores on the mathematical thinking test, and post-attitudes attributed to gender or interaction group variable (program) and gender variable in the mathematical thinking.

Further, results revealed statistically significant differences on the achievement test by gender in favor of females, and there was effect for

interaction between the group variable (program) and gender on the achievement and attitudes to mathematics tests.

In light of earlier results, this study recommended enrichment of the mathematics textbook with activities comply with the constructivist theory; and organizing workshops providing training for learners on the constructivist theory, models and applications inside classroom. The study recommended conducting further studies on the constructivist theory and applications and comparing the different constructivist models.

Keywords: Mathematics, Constructivist Theory, Mathematical Thinking, Instructional Program, Attitudes to Mathematics